

Symbol	Tr1:Nch	Tr2:Nch
V_{DSS}	30V	30V
$R_{DS(on)}(Max.)$	14.6m Ω	12.6m Ω
I_D	$\pm 10A$	$\pm 11A$
P_D	2.0W	

Features

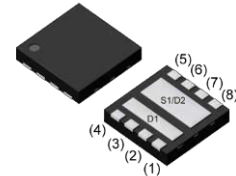
- 1)Low on - resistance
- 2)Pb-free lead plating ; RoHS compliant
- 3)Halogen Free

Application

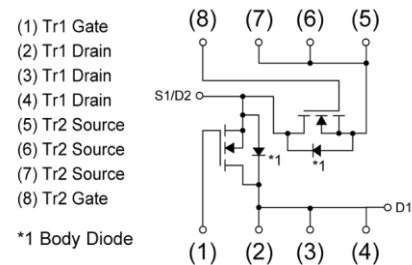
Switching

Outline

HSML3030L10



Inner circuit



Packaging specifications

Type	Packing	Embossed Tape
	Reel size (mm)	180
	Tape width (mm)	8.0
	Basic ordering unit (pcs)	3000
	Taping code	TB
	Marking	HS8S2TB

Absolute maximum ratings (T_a = 25°C , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		Tr1:Nch	Tr2:Nch	
Drain - Source voltage	V_{DSS}	30	30	V
Continuous drain current	I_D	± 10	± 11	A
Pulsed drain current	I_{DP}	± 40	± 44	A
Gate - Source voltage	V_{GSS}	± 20	± 12	V
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	10	11	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	3.8	4.8	mJ
Power dissipation	P_D	2.0		W
Junction temperature	T_j	150		°C
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 to +150		°C

Thermal resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62.5	°C/W

Electrical characteristics ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Type	Conditions	Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Drain - Source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Tr1	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1mA$	30	-	-	V
		Tr2	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1mA$	30	-	-	
Breakdown voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}$	Tr1	$I_D = 1mA$, referenced to 25°C	-	21	-	mV/°C
	ΔT_j	Tr2	$I_D = 1mA$, referenced to 25°C	-	26.2	-	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	Tr1	$V_{DS} = 30V, V_{GS} = 0V$	-	-	1	μA
		Tr2	$V_{DS} = 30V, V_{GS} = 0V$	-	-	500	
Gate - Source leakage current	I_{GSS}	Tr1	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 20V$	-	-	± 100	nA
		Tr2	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 12V$	-	-	± 100	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	Tr1	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1mA$	1.2	-	2.5	V
		Tr2	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1mA$	1.3	-	2.5	
Gate threshold voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	Tr1	$I_D = 1mA$, referenced to 25°C	-	-3	-	mV/°C
	ΔT_j	Tr2	$I_D = 1mA$, referenced to 25°C	-	-3.44	-	
Static drain - source on - state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	Tr1	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 7A$	-	11.2	14.6	mΩ
			$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 7A$	-	14.7	20.0	
		Tr2	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 11A$	-	10.5	12.6	
			$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 11A$	-	12.1	16.5	
Gate resistance	R_G	Tr1	$f=1MHz$, open drain	-	2	-	Ω
		Tr2		-	1.7	-	
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ Y_{fs} $	Tr1	$V_{DS} = 5V, I_D = 7A$	5.0	-	-	S
		Tr2	$V_{DS} = 5V, I_D = 11A$	7	-	-	

*1 $P_w \leq 10\mu s$, Duty cycle $\leq 1\%$

*2 $L \approx 0.1mH$, $V_{DD} = 15V$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Starting $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Fig.3-1,3-2

*3 Mounted on a Cu board (40×40×0.8mm)

*4 Pulsed

Electrical characteristics (T_a = 25°C)

<Tr1>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GS} = 0V V _{DS} = 15V f = 1MHz	-	348	-	pF
Output capacitance	C _{oss}		-	98	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}		-	25	-	
Turn - on delay time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = 15V, V _{GS} = 10V I _D = 5A R _L = 3Ω R _G = 10Ω	-	8.2	-	ns
Rise time	T _r		-	4.5	-	
Turn - off delay time	t _{d(off)}		-	19.2	-	
Fall time	t _f		-	2.9	-	

<Tr2>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GS} = 0V V _{DS} = 15V f = 1MHz	-	1180	-	pF
Output capacitance	C _{oss}		-	110	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}		-	80	-	
Turn - on delay time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = 15V, V _{GS} = 10V I _D = 5.5A R _L = 2.72Ω R _G = 10Ω	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t _r		-	7.5	-	
Turn - off delay time	t _{d(off)}		-	40	-	
Fall time	t _f		-	10	-	

Gate charge characteristics ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

<Tr1>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Total gate charge	Q _g	V _{DD} ≈ 15V I _D = 10A	V _{GS} = 10V	-	6.0	-	nC
			V _{GS} = 4.5V	-	2.7	-	
Gate - Source charge	Q _{gs}			-	1.2	-	
Gate - Drain charge	Q _{gd}			-	0.8	-	

<Tr2>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Total gate charge	Q _g	V _{DD} ≈ 15V I _D = 11A	V _{GS} = 10V	-	23	-	nC
			V _{GS} = 4.5V	-	12	-	
Gate - Source charge	Q _{gs}			-	3.5	-	
Gate - Drain charge	Q _{gd}			-	3.6	-	

Body diode electrical characteristics (Source-Drain) ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

<Tr1>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Continuous forward current	I_s	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.67	A
Pulse forward current	I_{sP}		-	-	40	
Forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_s = 1.67A$	-	-	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$I_s = 7A, V_{GS} = 0V$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	17.3	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	8.1	-	nC

<Tr2>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Continuous forward current	I_s	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.67	A
Pulse forward current	I_{sP}		-	-	44	
Forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_s = 1.67A$	-	0.6	0.8	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$I_s = 11A, V_{GS} = 0V$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	14	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	4	-	nC

Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr1>

Fig.1 Power Dissipation Derating Curve

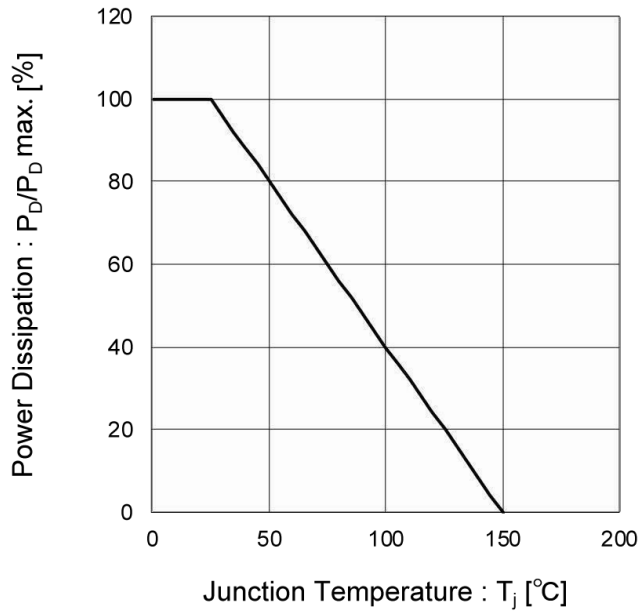
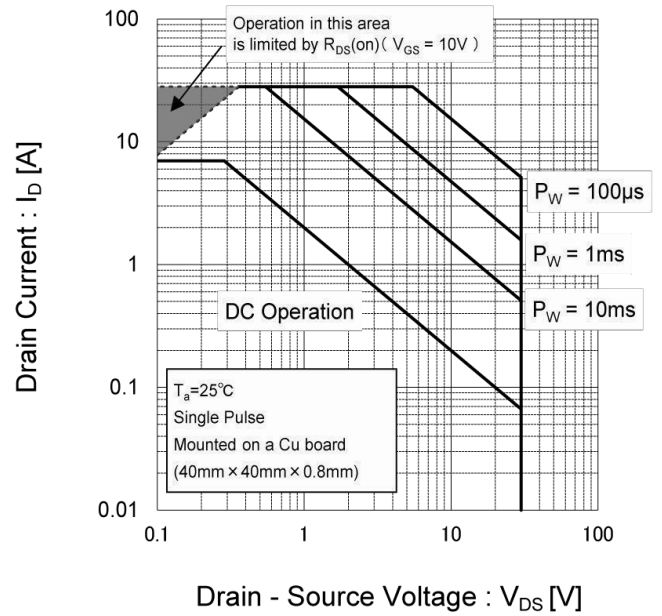


Fig.2 Maximum Safe Operating Area



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr1>

Fig.3 Typical Output Characteristics(I)

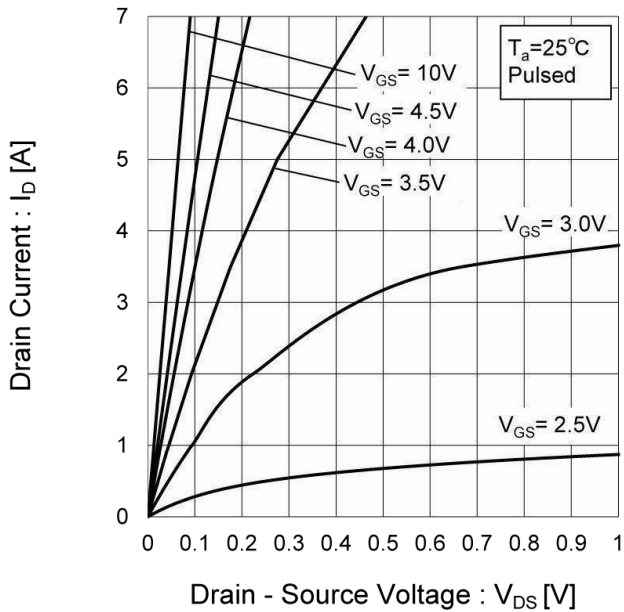


Fig.4 Typical Output Characteristics(II)

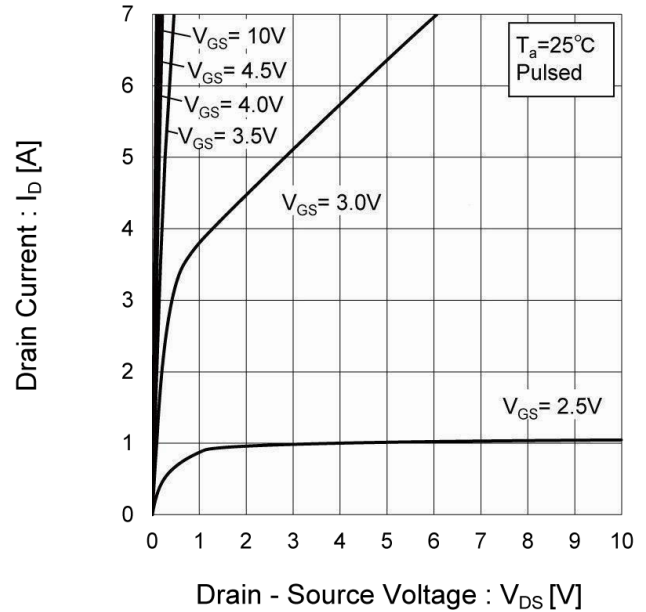


Fig.5 Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

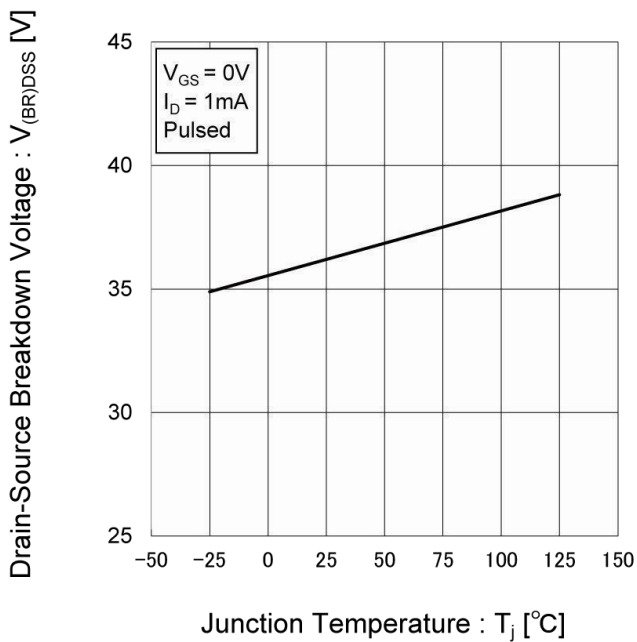
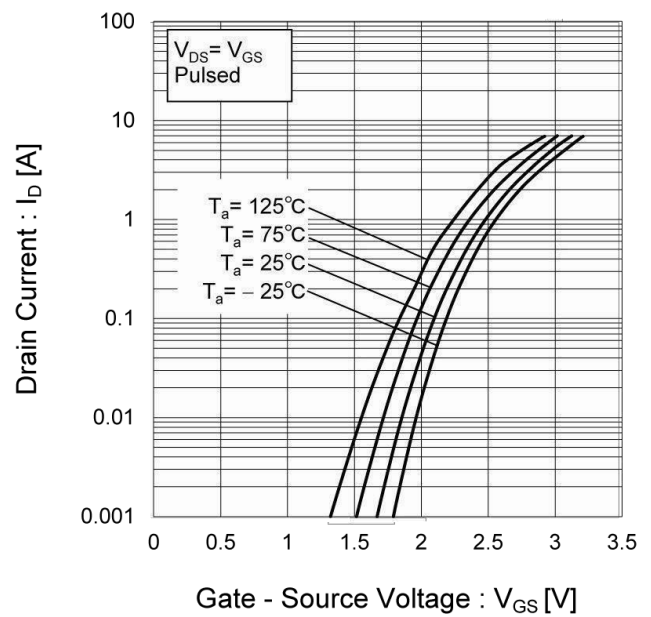


Fig.6 Typical Transfer Characteristics



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr1>

Fig.7 Gate Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

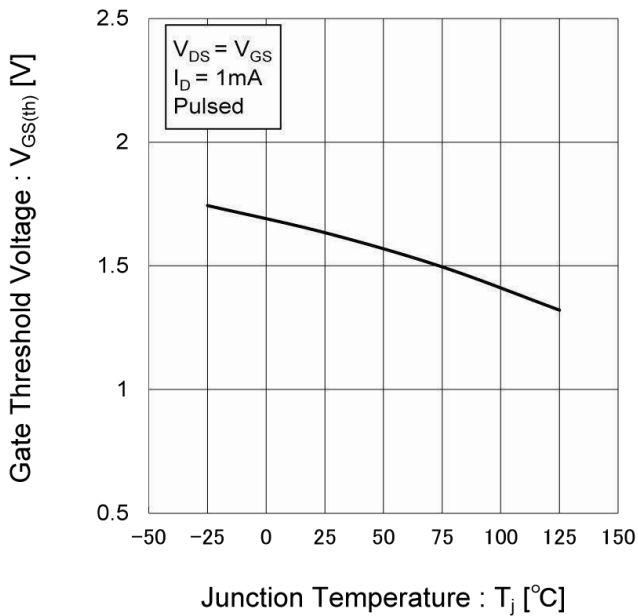


Fig.8 Forward Transfer Admittance vs. Drain Current

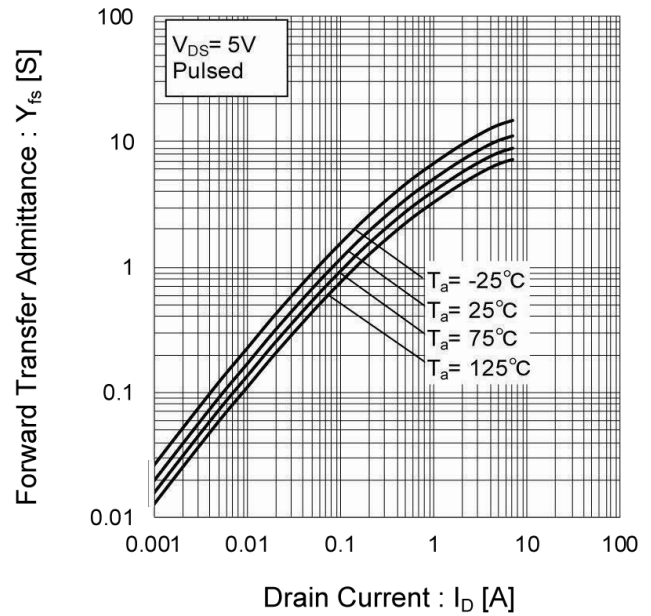


Fig.9 Drain Current Derating Curve

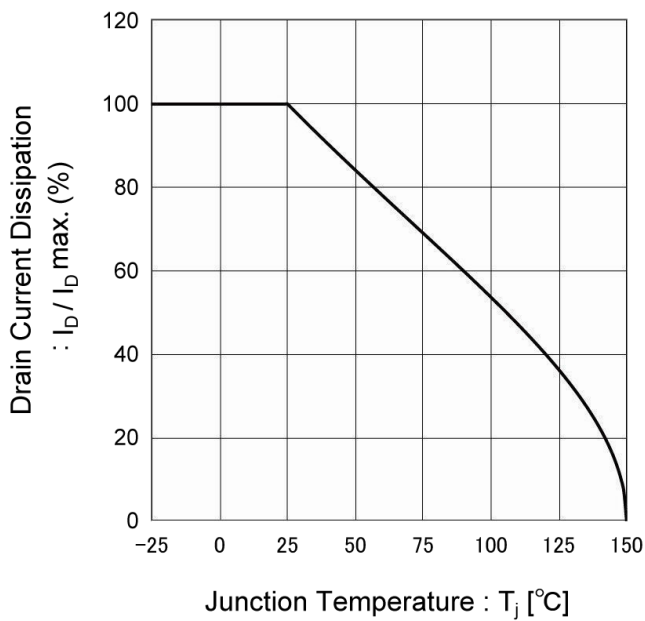
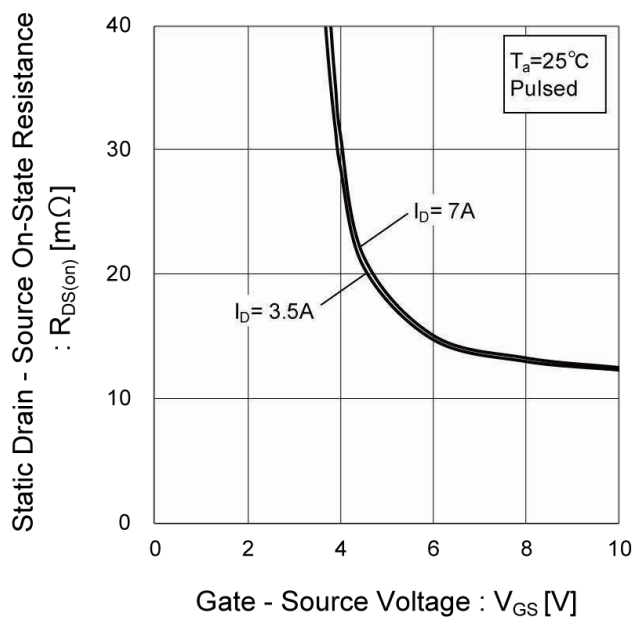


Fig.10 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Gate Source Voltage



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr1>

Fig.11 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

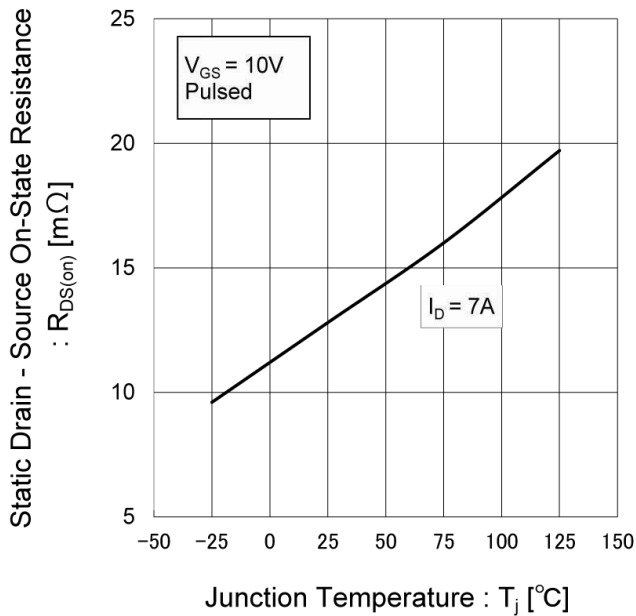


Fig.12 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(I)

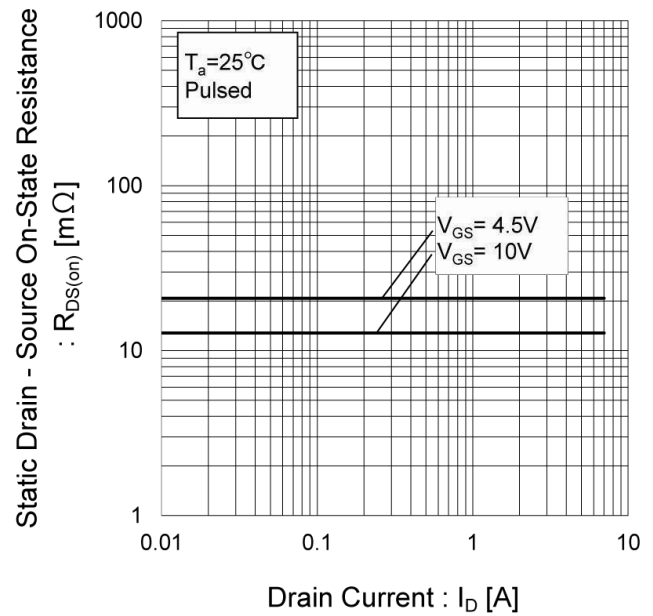


Fig.13 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(II)

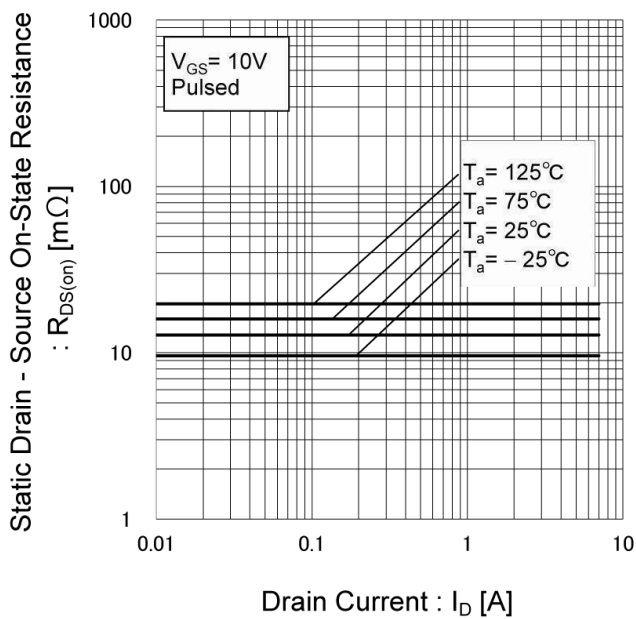
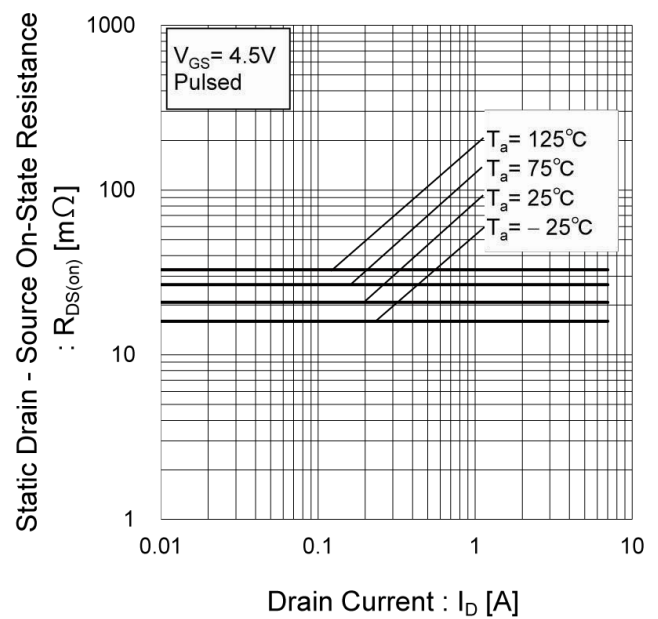


Fig.14 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(III)



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr1>

Fig.15 Typical Capacitance vs. Drain - Source Voltage

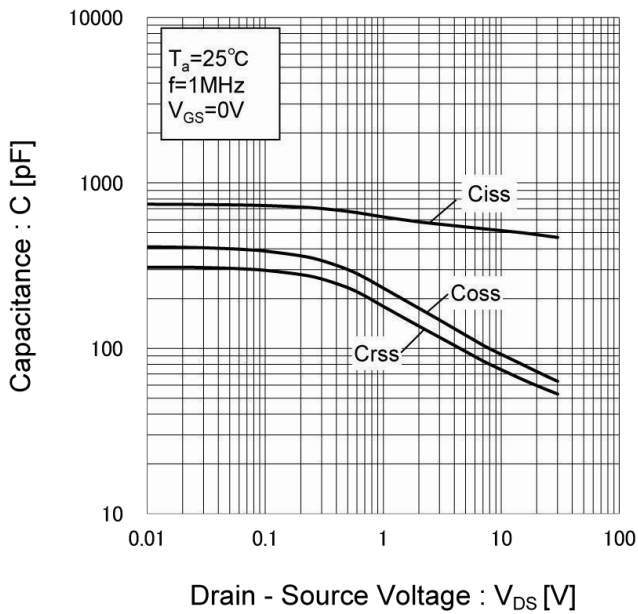


Fig.16 Switching Characteristics

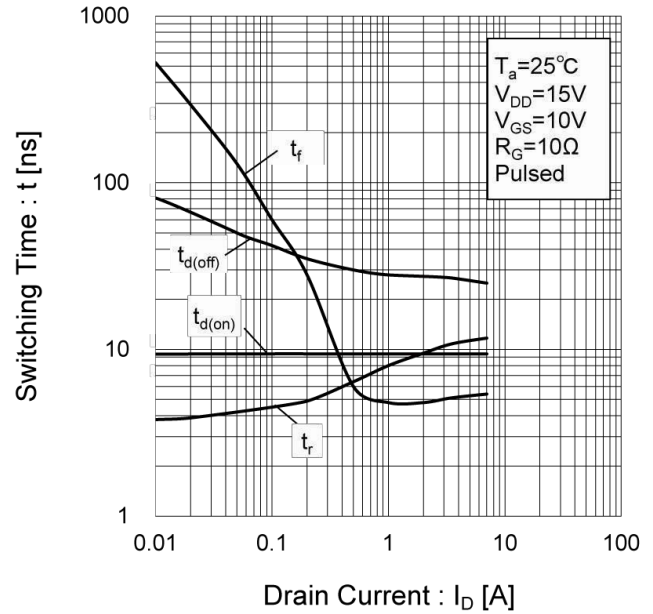


Fig.17 Dynamic Input Characteristics

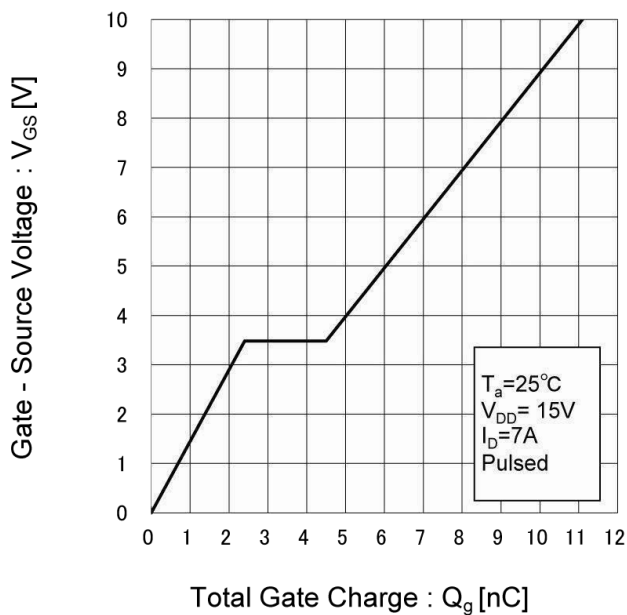
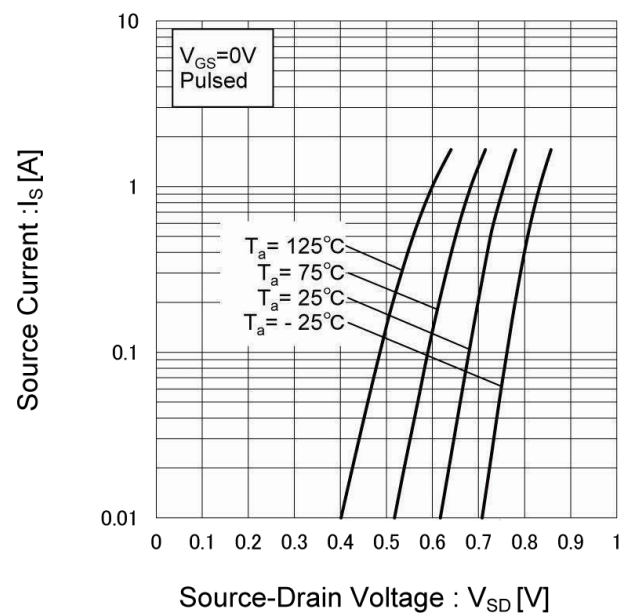


Fig.18 Source Current vs. Source Drain Voltage



Electrical characteristic curves <Tr2>

Fig.1 Power Dissipation Derating Curve

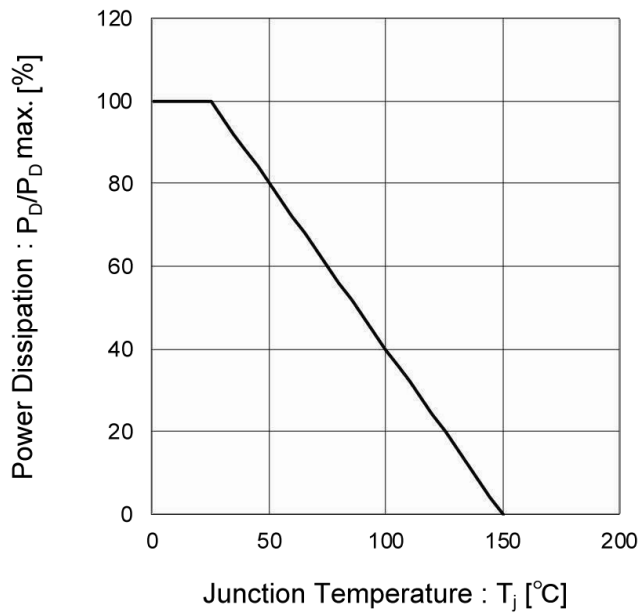
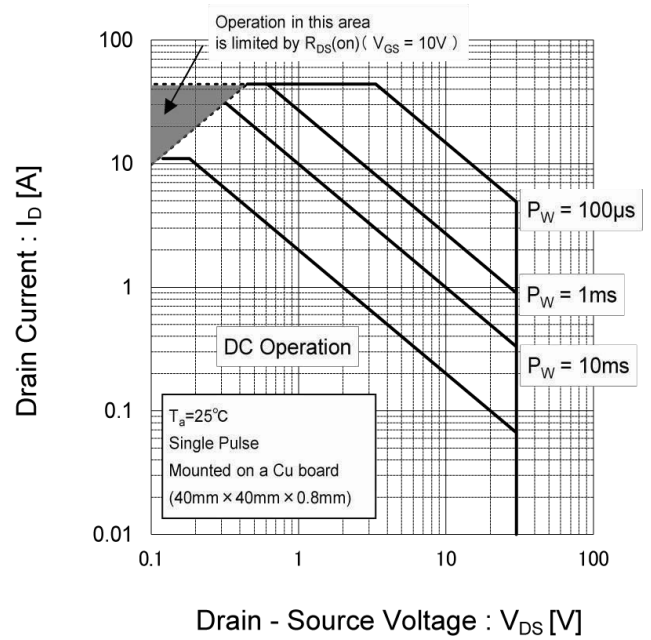


Fig.2 Maximum Safe Operating Area



Electrical characteristic curves <Tr2>

Fig.3 Typical Output Characteristics(I)

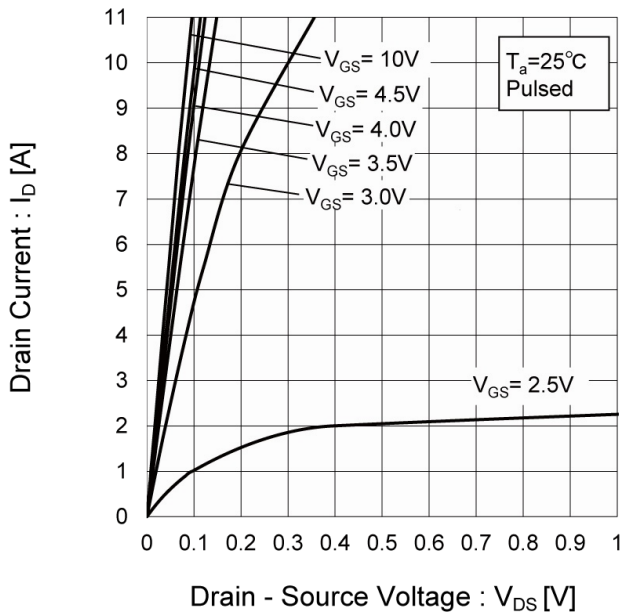


Fig.4 Typical Output Characteristics(II)

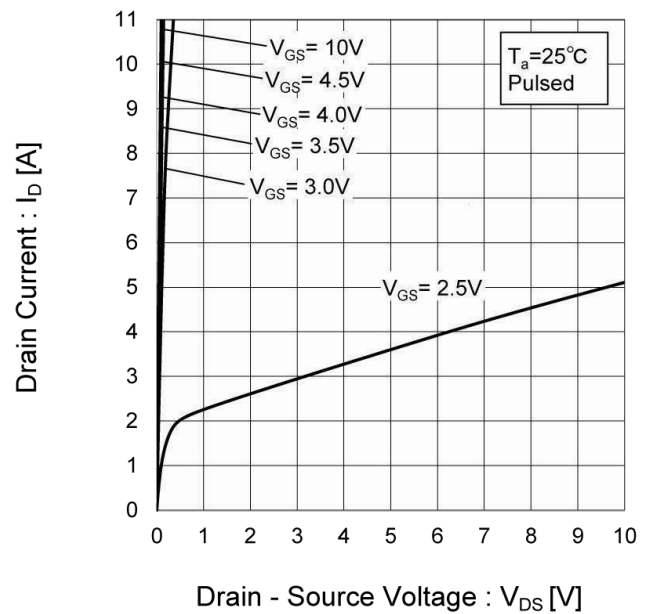


Fig.5 Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

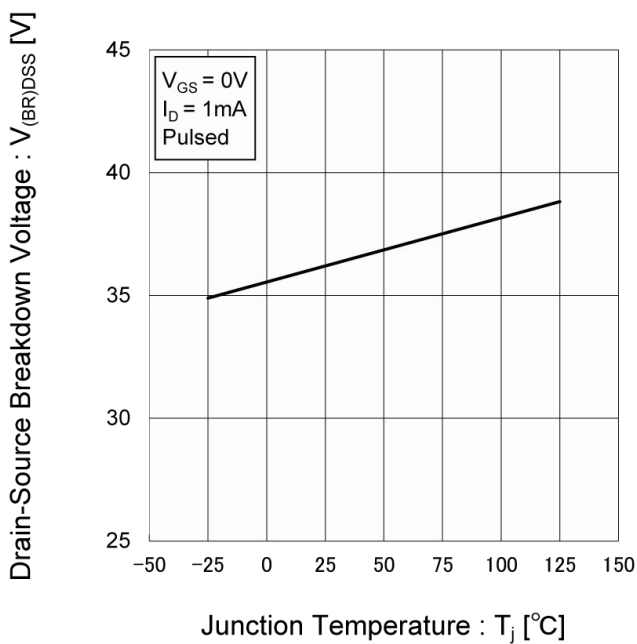
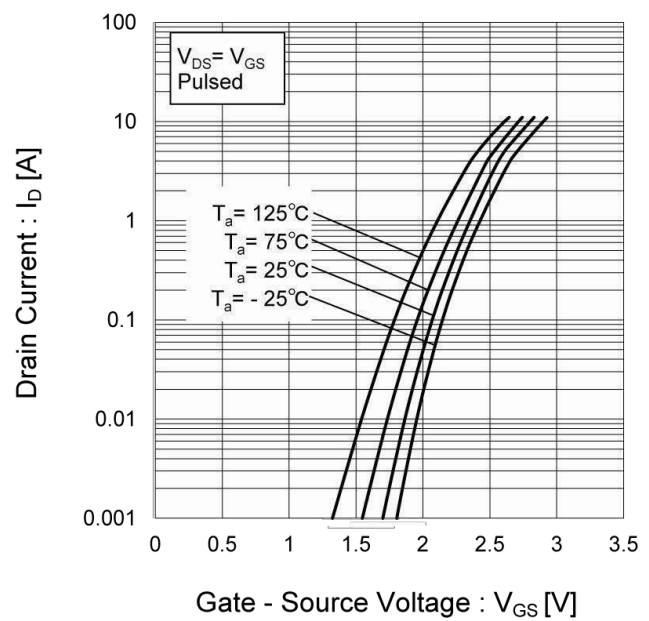


Fig.6 Typical Transfer Characteristics



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr2>

Fig.7 Gate Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

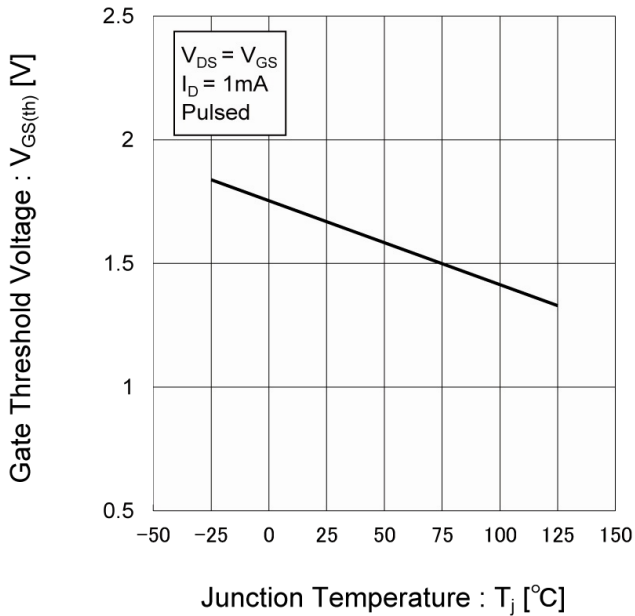


Fig.8 Forward Transfer Admittance vs. Drain Current

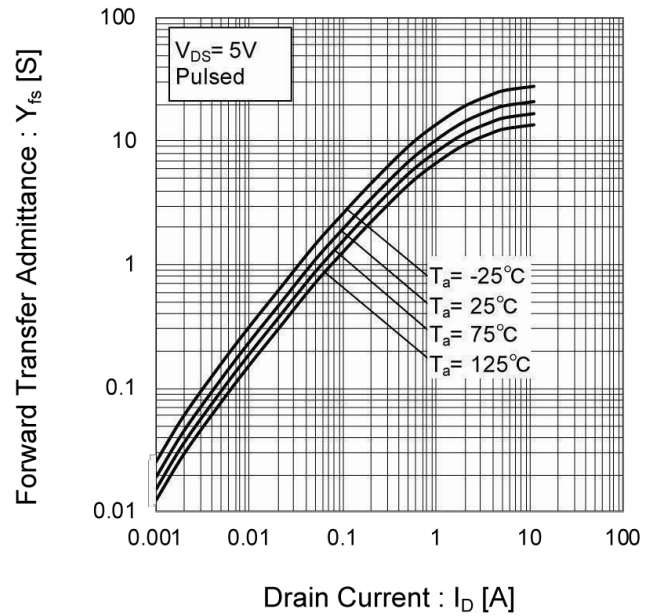


Fig.9 Drain Current Derating Curve

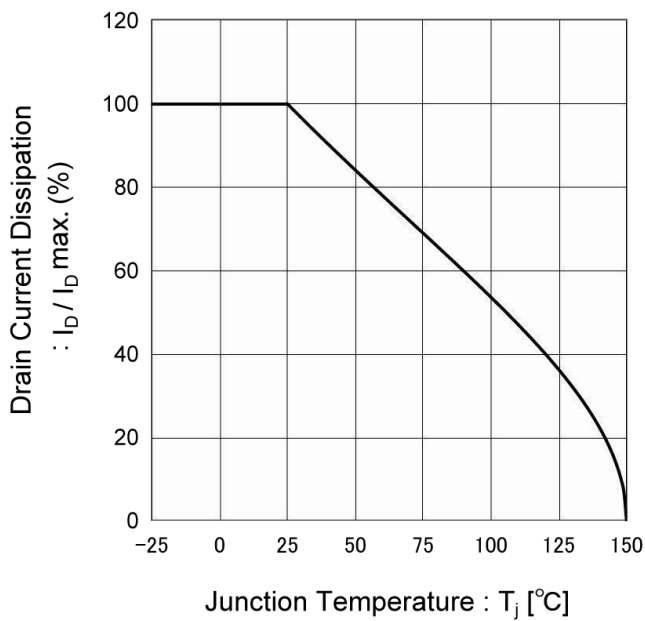
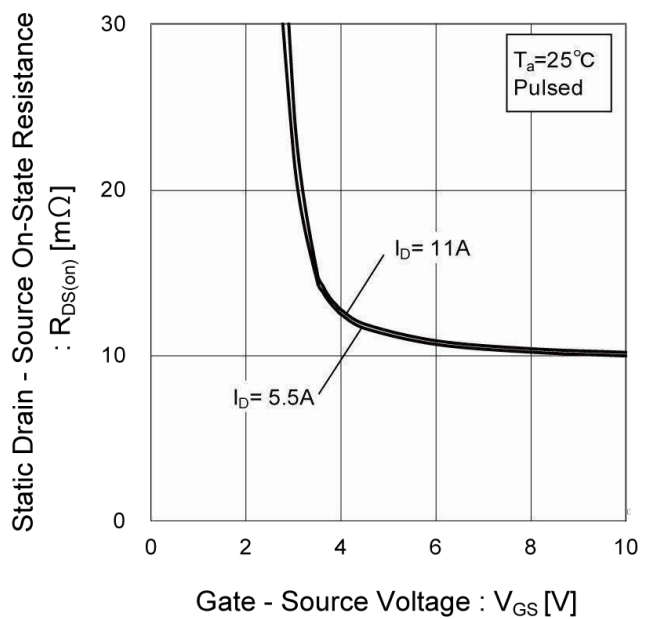


Fig.10 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Gate Source Voltage



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr2>

Fig.11 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

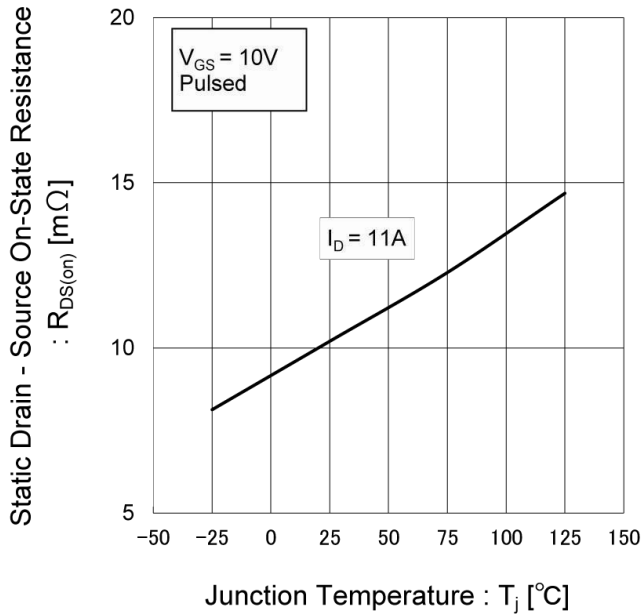


Fig.12 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(I)

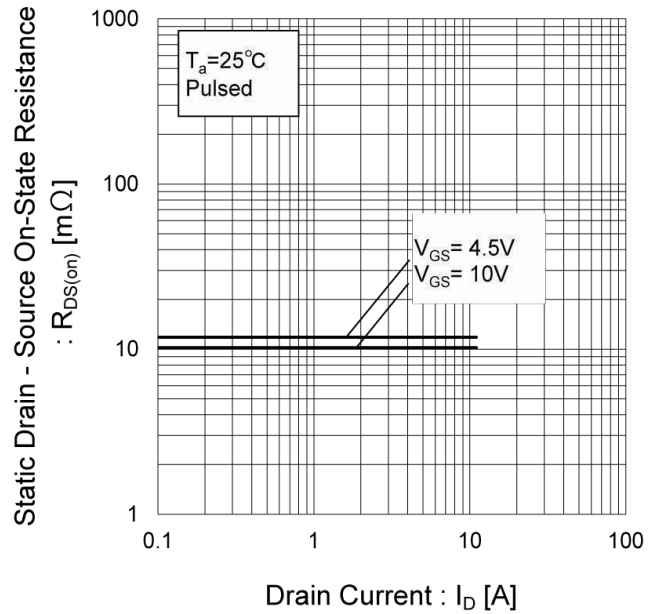


Fig.13 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(II)

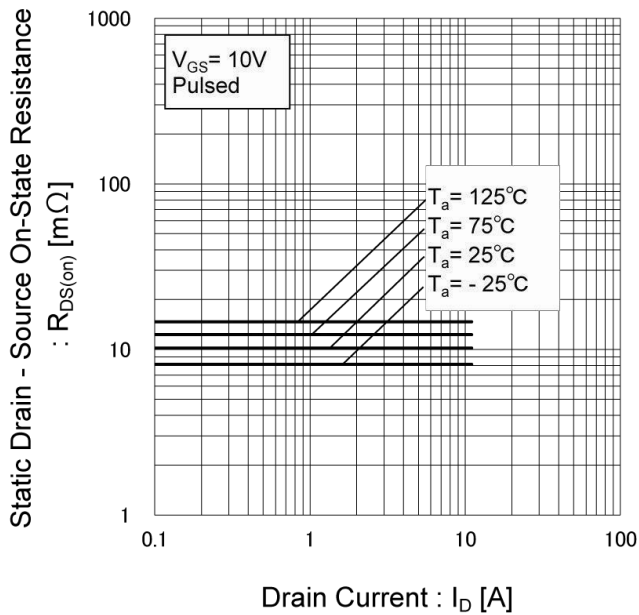
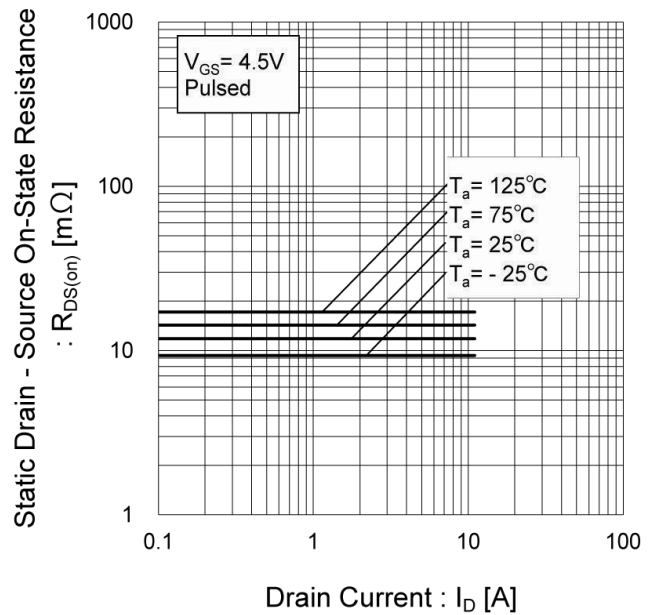


Fig.14 Static Drain - Source On - State Resistance vs. Drain Current(III)



Electrical characteristic curves

<Tr2>

Fig.15 Typical Capacitance vs. Drain - Source Voltage

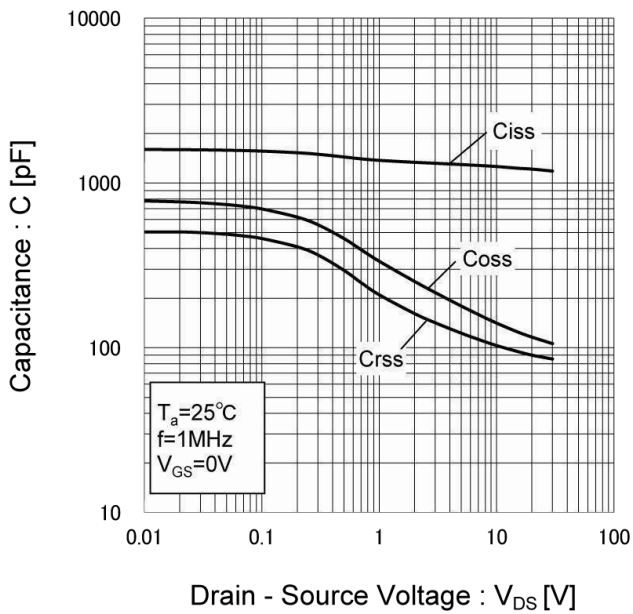


Fig.16 Switching Characteristics

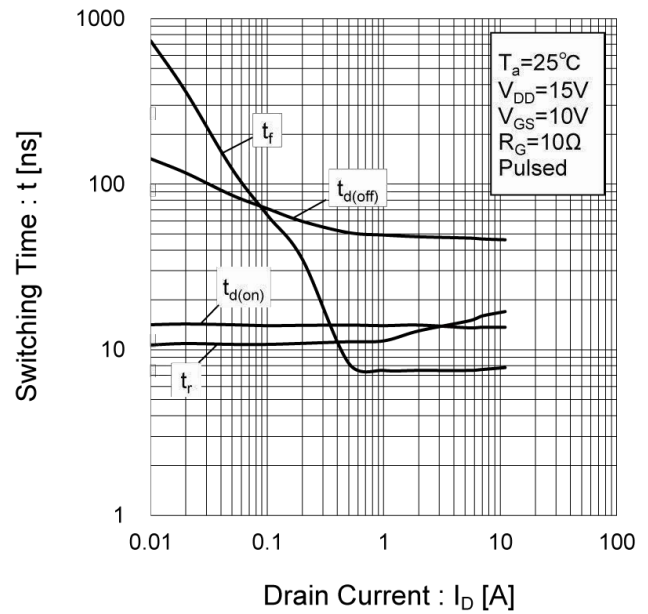


Fig.17 Dynamic Input Characteristics

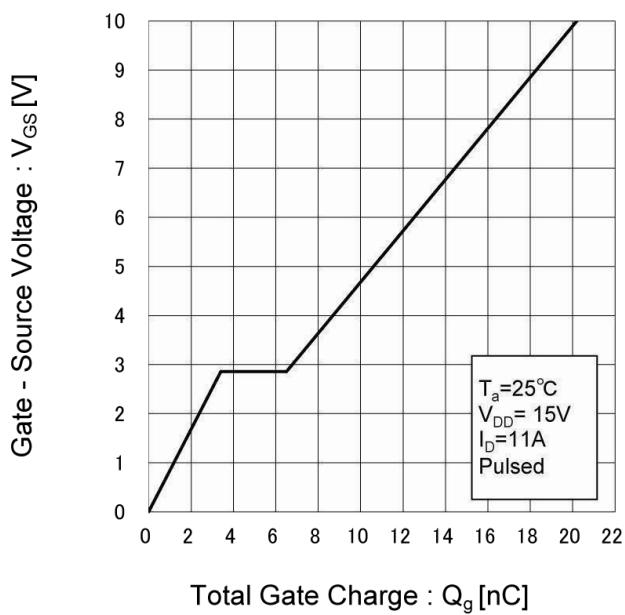
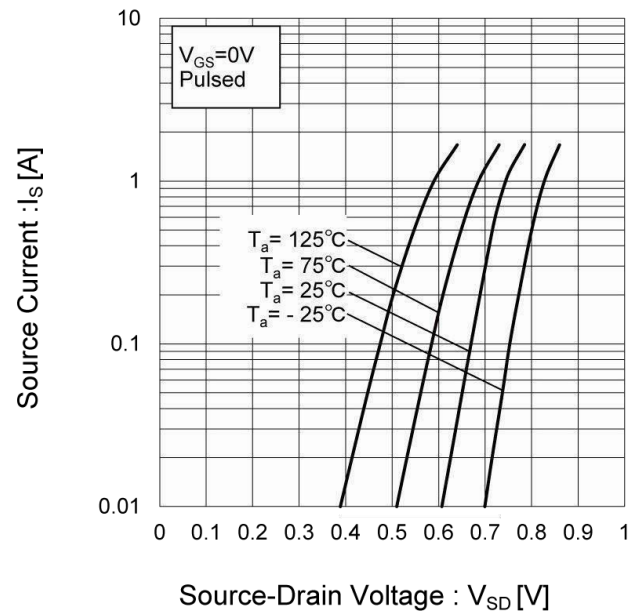


Fig.18 Source Current vs. Source Drain Voltage



Measurement circuits <It is the same for the Tr1 and Tr2>

Fig.1-1 Switching Time Measurement Circuit

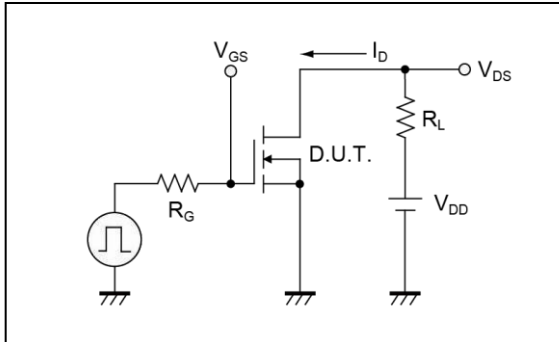


Fig.1-2 Switching Waveforms

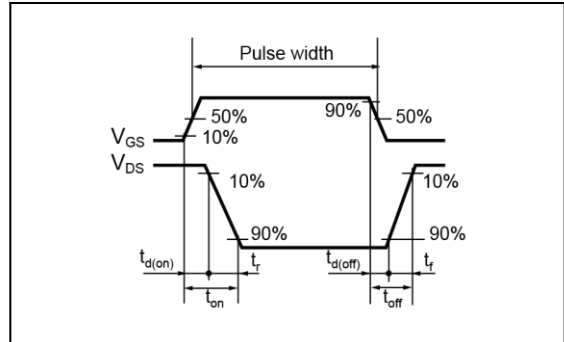


Fig.2-1 Gate Charge Measurement Circuit

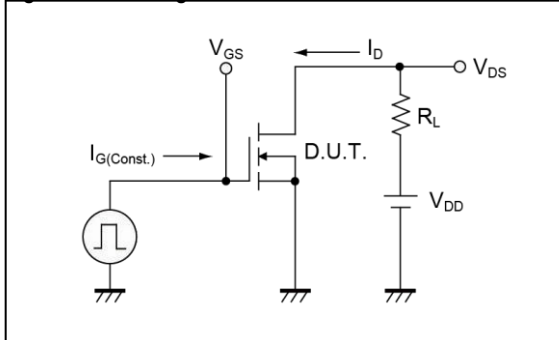


Fig.2-2 Gate Charge Waveform

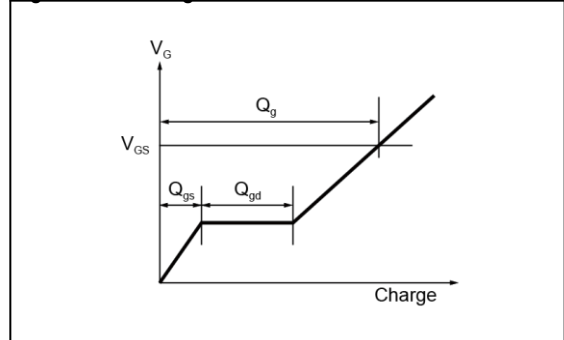


Fig.3-1 Avalanche Measurement Circuit

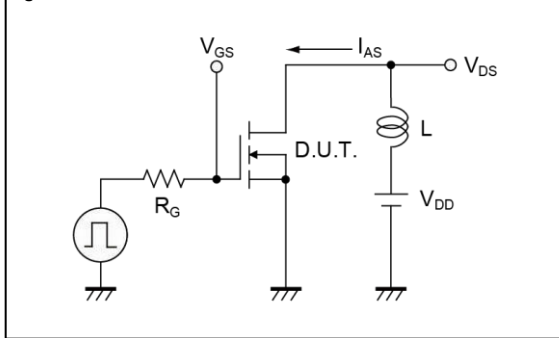
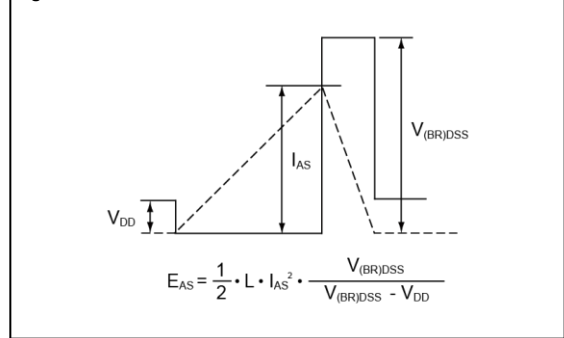


Fig.3-2 Avalanche Waveform

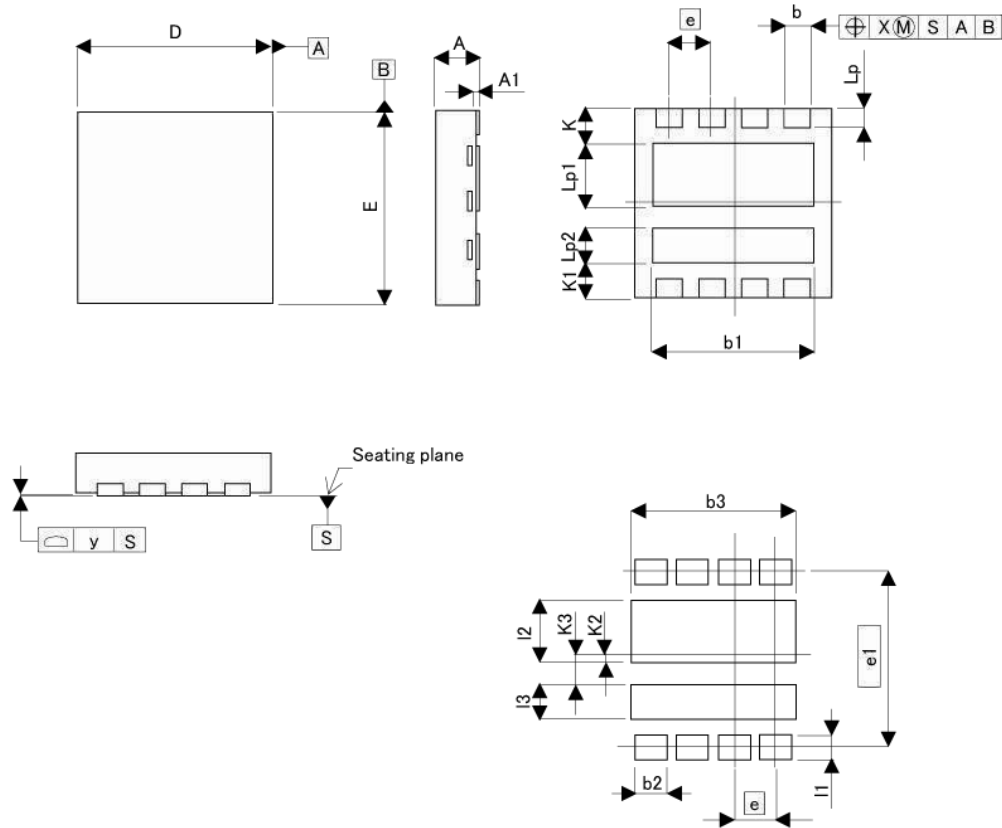


Notice:

- 1.Reconmended R_G (up) will be 47ohm to 68ohm in Fig 1-1 when MOS is used in Wireless power transmitter.
- 2.This product might cause chip aging and breakdown under the large electrified environment. Please consider to design ESD protection circuit.

Dimensions

HSML3030L10



Pattern of terminal position areas
[Not a recommended pattern of soldering pads]

DIM	MILIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.55	0.65	0.022	0.026
A1	0.00	0.05	0.000	0.002
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018
b1	2.30	2.50	0.091	0.098
D	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
E	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
e	0.65		0.026	
Lp	0.27	0.37	0.011	0.015
Lp1	0.89	1.09	0.035	0.043
Lp2	0.42	0.62	0.017	0.024
K	0.57		0.022	
K1	0.57		0.022	
x	-	0.10	-	0.004
y	-	0.10	-	0.004

DIM	MILIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
b2	-	0.55	-	0.022
b3	-	2.5	-	0.098
e1	2.68		0.106	
l1	-	0.47	-	0.019
l2	-	1.09	-	0.043
l3	-	0.62	-	0.024
K2	-	0.21	-	0.008
K3	-	0.56	-	0.022

Dimension in mm/inches